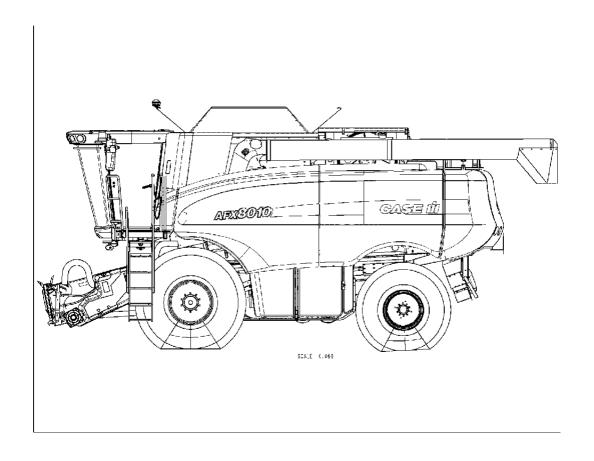


REPAIR MANUAL



AFX8010

Contents

INTRODUCTION	
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS	Α
POWER PRODUCTION	В
POWER TRAIN	С
TRAVELLING	D
BODY AND STRUCTURE	E
TOOL POSITIONING	G
CROP PROCESSING	K



Contents

INTRODUCTION

Foreword (- A.10.A.40)

Foreword (- A.10.A.40)

AFX8010

Technical Information

This manual has been produced by a new technical information system. This new system is designed to deliver technical information electronically through CDROM and in paper manuals. A coding system called ICE has been developed to link the technical information to other Product Support functions e.g. Warranty.

Technical information is written to support the maintenance and service of the functions or systems on a customers machine. When a customer has a concern on his machine it is usually because a function or system on his machine is not working at all, is not working efficiently, or is not responding correctly to his commands. When you refer to the technical information in this manual to resolve that customers concern, you will find all the information classified using the new ICE coding, according to the functions or systems on that machine. Once you have located the technical information for that function or system then you will find all the mechanical, electrical or hydraulic devices, components, assemblies and sub-assemblies for that function or system. You will also find all the types of information that have been written for that function or system, the technical data (specifications), the functional data (how it works), the diagnostic data (fault codes and troubleshooting) and the service data (remove, install adjust, etc.).

By integrating this new ICE coding into technical information, you will be able to search and retrieve just the right piece of technical information you need to resolve that customers concern on his machine. This is made possible by attaching 3 categories to each piece of technical information during the authoring process.

The first category is the Location, the second category is the Information Type and the third category is the Product:

- LOCATION is the component or function on the machine, that the piece of technical information is going to describe e.g. Fuel tank.
- INFORMATION TYPE is the piece of technical information that has been written for a particular component or function on the machine e.g. Capacity would be a type of Technical Data that would describe the amount of fuel held by the Fuel tank.
- PRODUCT is the model that the piece of technical information is written for.

Every piece of technical information will have those 3 categories attached to it. You will be able to use any combination of those categories to find the right piece of technical information you need to resolve that customers concern on his machine.

That information could be:

- the description of how to remove the cylinder head
- · a table of specifications for a hydraulic pump
- a fault code
- a troubleshooting table
- a special tool

How to Use this Manual

This manual is divided into Sections. Each Section is then divided into Chapters. Contents pages are included at the beginning of the manual, then inside every Section and inside every Chapter. An alphabetical Index is included at the end of a Chapter. Page number references are included for every piece of technical information listed in the Chapter Contents or Chapter Index.

Each Chapter is divided into four Information types:

- Technical Data (specifications) for all the mechanical, electrical or hydraulic devices, components and, assemblies.
- Functional Data (how it works) for all the mechanical, electrical or hydraulic devices, components and assemblies.

- Diagnostic Data (fault codes, electrical and hydraulic troubleshooting) for all the mechanical, electrical or hydraulic devices, components and assemblies.
- Service data (remove disassembly, assemble, install) for all the mechanical, electrical or hydraulic devices, components and assemblies.

Sections

Sections are grouped according to the main functions or a systems on the machine. Each Section is identified by a letter A, B, C etc. The amount of Sections included in the manual will depend on the type and function of the machine that the manual is written for. Each Section has a Contents page listed in alphabetic/numeric order. This table illustrates which Sections could be included in a manual for a particular product.

	SE	СТ	ION									
	A - Distribution Systems											
		В-	Po	wer	Pro	duc	tion					
			C.	- Po	wei	r Tra	ain					
				D-	Tra	avel	ling					
					E	- Bo	dy a	and	Stru	ıctu	re	
						F	- Fra	me	Pos	itior	ning	
							G	- Too	ol Po	ositi	onin	g
								İ	- Wo	rkin	ıg Aı	rm
									J-	Tod	ols a	nd Couplers
										K.	- Cro	op Processing
											L-	Field Processing
PRODUCT												
Tractors	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ		Х	Х			
Vehicles with working arms: backhoes, excavators, skid steers,	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Combines, forage harvesters, balers,	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ		
Seeding, planting, floating, spraying equipment,	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	
Mounted equipment and tools,					Х	Х	Х		Х			

This manual contains these Sections. The contents of each Section are explained over the following pages.

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INTRODUCTION	
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS	Α
POWER PRODUCTION	В
POWER TRAIN	С
TRAVELLING	D
BODY AND STRUCTURE	Е
TOOL POSITIONING	G
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Section Contents

SECTION A, DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

This Section covers the main systems that interact with most of the functions of the product. It includes the central parts of the hydraulic, electrical, electronic, pneumatic, lighting and grease lubrication systems. The components that are dedicated to a specific function are listed in the Chapter where all the technical information for that function is included.

Contents of DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS - A

PRIMARY HYDRAULIC POWER SYSTEM	A.10.A
AFX8010	
SECONDARY HYDRAULIC POWER SYSTEM	A.12.A
AFX8010	
ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM	A.30.A
AFX8010	
LIGHTING SYSTEM	A.40.A
AFX8010	
ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	A.50.A
AFX8010	

SECTION B, POWER PRODUCTION

This Section covers all the functions related to the production of power to move the machine and to drive various devices.

Contents of POWER PRODUCTION - B

ENGINE	B.10.A
AFX8010	
FUEL AND INJECTION SYSTEM	B.20.A
AFX8010	
AIR INTAKE SYSTEM	B.30.A
AFX8010	
EXHAUST SYSTEM	B.40.A
AFX8010	
ENGINE COOLANT SYSTEM	B.50.A
AFX8010	
LUBRICATION SYSTEM	B.60.A
AFX8010	
STARTING SYSTEM	B.80.A
AFX8010	

SECTION C, POWER TRAIN

This Section covers all the functions related to the transmission of power from the engine to the axles and to internal or external devices and additional Process Drive functions.

Contents of POWER TRAIN - C

POWER COUPLING Fixed Coupling	C.10.B
AFX8010	
TRANSMISSION Mechanical	C.20.B
AFX8010	
TRANSMISSION Hydrostatic	C.20.F
AFX8010	
FRONT PTO Mechanical	C.42.B
AFX8010	
PROCESS DRIVE Primary process drive	C.50.B
AFX8010	
TRANSMISSION LUBRICATION SYSTEM	C.90.A
AFX8010	

SECTION D, TRAVELLING

This Section covers all the functions related to moving the machine, including tracks, wheels, steering and braking. It covers all the axles both driven axles and non-driven axles, including any axle suspension.

Contents of TRAVELLING - D

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AFX8010	
REAR AXLE	D.12.A
AFX8010	
2WD-4WD SYSTEM Hydraulic	D.14.C
AFX8010	
STEERING Hydraulic	D.20.C
AFX8010	
SERVICE BRAKE Hydraulic	D.30.C
AFX8010	
PARKING BRAKE Hydraulic	D.32.C
AFX8010	
WHEELS AND TRACKS Wheels	D.50.C
AFX8010	

SECTION E, BODY AND STRUCTURE

This Section covers all the main functions and systems related to the structure and body of the machine. Including the frame, the shields, the operator's cab and the platform.

E.10.B

Contents of BODY AND STRUCTURE - E

FRAME Primary frame

L. 10.D
E.20.A
E.30.A
E.32.A
E.32.C
E.32.D
E.34.A
E.40.D
E.50.B
E.60.A

SECTION G, TOOL POSITIONING

This Section covers all the functions related to the final and/or automatic positioning of the tool once the tool is positioned using the Working Arm or the machine frame.

Contents of TOOL POSITIONING- G

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AFX8010	
TILTING	G.20.A
AFX8010	
LEVELING	G.30.A
AFX8010	

SECTION K, CROP PROCESSING

This Section covers all the functions related to crop processing.

Contents of CROP PROCESSING - K

FEEDING Reel feeding	K.25.B
AFX8010	
FEEDING Header feeding	K.25.D
AFX8010	
FEEDING Feeder housing	K.25.E
AFX8010	
FEEDING Transition cone	K.25.K
AFX8010	
THRESHING Axial flow threshing	K.40.C
AFX8010	
SEPARATING Rotary separator	K.42.C
AFX8010	
STORING AND HANDLING Grain storing	K.60.B
AFX8010	
CLEANING Primary cleaning	K.62.B
AFX8010	
CLEANING Tailings return system	K.62.C
AFX8010	
CLEANING Self-levelling frame	K.62.D
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RESIDUE HANDLING Straw chopper	K.64.C
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RESIDUE HANDLING Straw beater	K.64.E
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UNLOADING Grain unloading	K.72.B
AFX8010	
PROTECTION SYSTEMS Stone trapping	K.90.E
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Chapters

Each Chapter is identified by a letter and number combination e.g. Engine B.10.A The first letter is identical to the Section letter i.e. Chapter B.10 is inside Section B, Power Production. CONTENTS

The Chapter Contents lists all the technical data (specifications), functional data (how it works), service data (remove, install adjust, etc..) and diagnostic data (fault codes and troubleshooting) that have been written in that Chapter for that function or system on the machine.

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FUNCTIONAL DATA	
ENGINE - Dynamic description (B.10.A - C.30.A.10)	4
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ENGINE - Troubleshooting (B.10.A - G.40.A.10)	6
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INDEX

The Chapter Index lists in alphabetical order all the types of information (called Information Units) that have been written in that Chapter for that function or system on the machine.

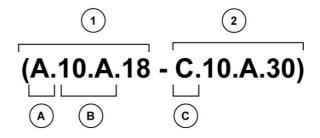
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Information Units and Information Search

Each chapter is composed of information units. Each information unit has the ICE code shown in parentheses which indicates the function and the type of information written in that information unit. Each information unit has a page reference within that Chapter. The information units provide a quick and easy way to find just the right piece of technical information you are looking for.

example information unit Stack valve - Sectional View (A.10.A.18 - C.10.A.30) Information Unit ICE code Α 10.A 18 C 10.A.30 ICE code classification Distribution **Primary** Stack valve Functional Sectional view systems hydraulic data power



CRIL03J033E01

Navigate to the correct information unit you are searching for by identifying the function and information type from the ICE code.

- (1) Function and (2) Information type.
- (A) corresponds to the sections of the repair manual.
 - (B) corresponds to the chapters of the repair manual.
 - (C) corresponds to the type of information listed in the chapter contents, Technical data, Functional Data, Diagnostic or Service.
 - (A) and (B) are also shown in the page numbering on the page footer.

THE REST OF THE CODING IS NOT LISTED IN ALPHA-NUMERIC ORDER IN THIS MANUAL.

- You will find a table of contents at the beginning and end of each section and chapter. You will find an alphabetical index at the end of each chapter.
- By referring to (A), (B) and (C) of the coding, you can follow the contents or index (page numbers) and quickly find the information you are looking for.

Page Header and Footer

The page header will contain the following references:

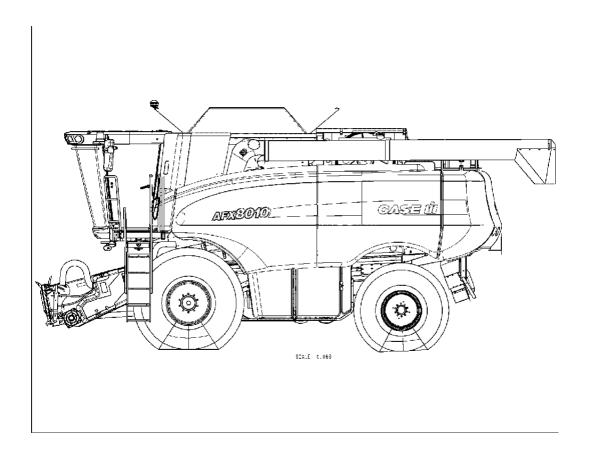
Section and Chapter description

The page footer will contain the following references:

- Publication number for that Manual, Section or Chapter.
- · Version reference for that publication.
- Publication date
- Section, chapter and page reference e.g. A.10.A / 9



REPAIR MANUAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS



AFX8010

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ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM AFX8010	A.30.A
LIGHTING SYSTEM AFX8010	A.40.A
ELECTRONIC SYSTEM AFX8010	A.50.A



DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS - A

PRIMARY HYDRAULIC POWER SYSTEM - 10.A

AFX8010

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS - A

PRIMARY HYDRAULIC POWER SYSTEM - 10.A

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General Information	7
Specifications	8
Hydraulic System	9
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BASIC PRINCIPLES OF THE SYSTEM

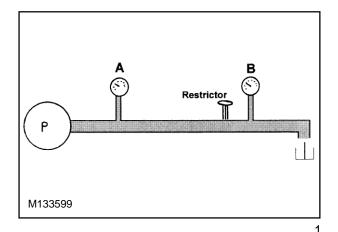
Combines use a combination of Pressure Flow Compensated (PFC) and open-center hydraulics. In a PFC system, oil flow is minimal unless there is a hydraulic demand. In an open-center system, oil is constantly pumped through the system regardless of hydraulic demand.

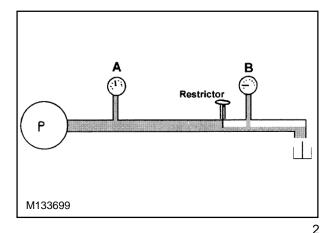
Flow Across a Restriction

The hydraulic system of the combine uses the principle of flow across a restriction for some functions. It is important to understand this basic principle in order to understand how the system works, or more importantly, why the system may not be working.

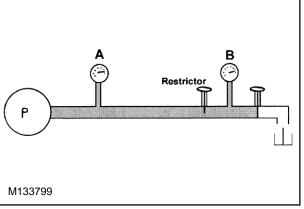
- 1. When oil flows through an unrestricted passage, the pressure in this passage, if any, will remain constant as long as pump flow remains constant.
- 2. When oil in a passage flows across a restriction, the pressure after the restriction will be less than the pressure before that restriction. Flow must exist for this to happen. A restriction can occur by any component causing a resistance to flow.

build until it reaches the relief valve setting. This component is blocking flow. No flow will create constant pressure in the passage based on the relief valve setting.





3. When oil in a passage is fully restricted from flow (no-flow), the pressure in the passage will relief pressure will be maintained as long as the flow is blocked and the pump is functioning normally. This is true regardless of what



BASIC PRINCIPLES OF THE SYSTEM

Pilot Operated Hydraulic System

- Pilot-operated hydraulic system has two basic parts or sections: A pilot (also called primary) section, and a main (also called secondary) section.
- 2. When a pilot-operated system is actuated, the pilot (primary) **always** moves first. Once the pilot has operated, the main (secondary) section **always** moves last. This is true whether the system is being activated or deactivated.
- The movement of the pilot (primary) controls a very small amount of oil flow (pilot flow). The movement of the main (secondary) controls the majority of the oil flow (main flow) and is responsible for actuating a given system.

The header raise/header lower and reel drive valve are three examples of a pilot operated system used on the combine.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The AFX Axial-Flow combines use a very extensive hydraulic system to operate machine functions that are normally associated with belts and chains, along with the normal hydraulic functions. This section will cover the basics of the hydraulic supply system, each actual function will be included with that function's sections.

This section will cover the reservoirs, filtration, gear pumps, PFC pump and cooling. Since the machine incorporates two reservoirs, the hydraulic system is easily broken into two separate systems.

Hydraulics: Operator control functions
 Control Pressure: Hydrostatic drives, associated valves and clutches

HYDRAULICS CONTROL PRESSURE	
Hydraulic Reservoir	PTO Gearbox Reservoir
Steering	Ground Drive
Header Raise / Lower	Rotor Drive
Reel Fore / Aft, Raise, and Drive	Feeder Drive
Lateral Tilt	Chopper Clutch
Unloading Auger Swing	Unloader Clutch
Fan Drive	Lubrication
Spreader Drive	
Rotary Air Screen	
Parking Brake / Tow Valve	
Regulated Pressure	

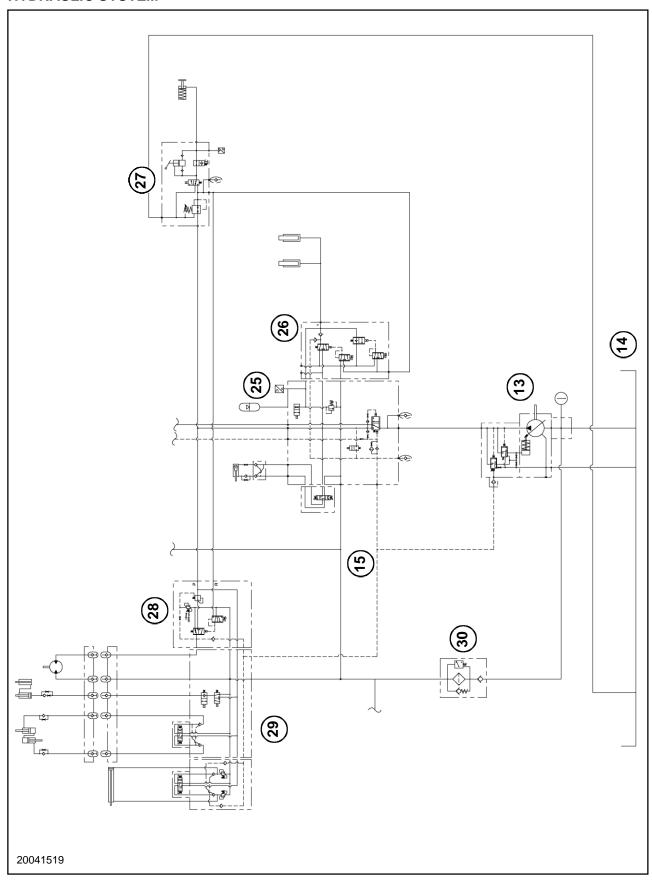
The two systems will incorporate several hydraulic pumps and motor to complete the required operations.

HYDRAULICS		HYDROSTATICS	
Hydraulic Reservoir		PTO Gearbox Reservoir	
PFC Pump	Steering	Control Circuit Pump	Beater/Chopper Clutch
	Header Raise / Lower		Unloader Clutch
	Lateral Tilt		Ground Drive
	Unloading Auger Swing		Rotor Drive
	Reel Fore / Aft and Raise		Feeder Drive
	Reel Drive		
	Park Brake / Tow Valve		
	Regulated Pressure		
Fan Pump	Fan Drive Motor	Lube Pump	Lubrication
Spreader Pump	Spreader Drive Motor and Rotary Air Screen Motor		

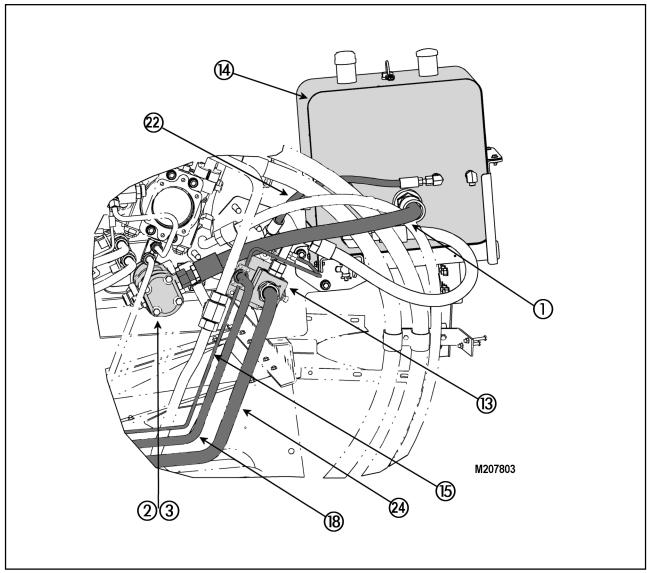
SPECIFICATIONS

Component	Specification	
Electrical		
Parking Brake / Regulated pressure sensor	0.0 PSI = 0.5V signal wire C	
Control pressure sensor	Normal PSI = 3V signal wire C	
Hydraulic filter restriction switch	N/O, Closes at 2.75 bar (40 PSID)	
Control pressure filter restriction switch	N/O, Closes at 2.75 bar (40 PSID)	
Hydraulic return oil temperature sensor	2500ohms @ room temperature	
Motor Temp. (Ground Drive) sensor	83 ohms @ 128°C (262°F)	
Reservoir tank level switch	N/C, Closed with low oil 0.0 ohms	
Hydraulic		
Spreader motor relief	210 bar (3000 PSI)	
Rotary air screen motor relief	24 bar (350 PSI)	
Fan motor relief	241 bar (3500 PSI)	
Oil cooler by-pass (Hydraulic cooler)	7.6 bar (110 PSI)	
Hydraulic filter by-pass	3.45 barD (50 PSID)	
Regulated pressure	22- 25 bar (320- 360 PSI)	
Control pressure filter by-pass	3.45 barD (50 PSID)	
Control pressure relief	20- 22 bar (290- 320 PSI) Hot	
	23- 25 bar (340- 360 PSI) Cold	
Lubrication pump / cooler relief	20 bar (290 PSI)	
Lubrication system relief	3.5 bar (50 PSI)	
PFC pump low pressure stand-by	26- 28 bar (375- 400 PSID)	
PFC pump high pressure stand-by	207- 214 bar (3000- 3100 PSI)	
Steering relief	183- 190 bar (2650- 2750 PSI)	
Reel drive relief	138 bar (2000 PSI)	
Header Tilt cushion relief	207 bar (3000 PSI)	
Feeder lift cylinder thermal relief	276 bar (4000 PSI)	
Spreader drive pump flow	63 l/m (16.5 GPM)	
Fan drive pump flow	51 l/m (13.5 GPM)	
PFC pump flow	152 l/m (42 GPM)	
Control pressure pump flow	150 l/m (39.5 GPM)	
Lubrication pump flow	92.7 l/m (23.5 GPM)	

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM



Hydraulic Component Locations



- 1. Supply to Spreader and Fan Pumps
- 2&3. Gear Pump Assembly, Spreader and Fan Drive
- 13. PFC Piston Pump
- 14. Hydraulic Reservoir
- 15. Signal Line to Compensator
- **18.** PFC Pump Discharge Line
- 22. PFC Pump Case Drain

- 24. PFC Pump Suctions
- 25. Main Valve Assembly
- 26. Header Lift Valve
- 27. Park Brake / Regulated Pressure Valve
- 28. Reel Drive Valve
- 29. Feeder Valve Assembly
- 30. Hydraulic Return Filter

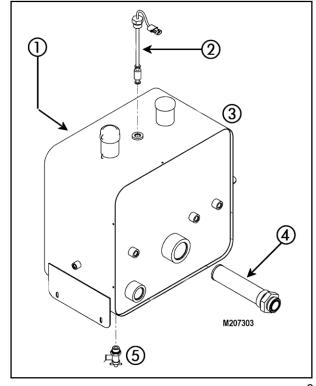
Oil Supply

- 1. Oil Level Sight Glass
- 2. Oil Level Sensor
- 3. Reservoir Tank
- 4. Outlet Strainer
- 5. Tank Drain

The hydraulic system is supplied with Hy-Tran Ultra from a central reservoir tank that is mounted behind the PTO gearbox. The tank contains approximately 57L (15 gal) of oil and should be changed out every 1000 hours of operation.

A float type gauge that is mounted in the top of the tanks monitors the proper oil level. The float provides an Open/Closed signal to the Universal Display Plus monitor. The switch is N.C. when held in the operating position, open when oil is present.

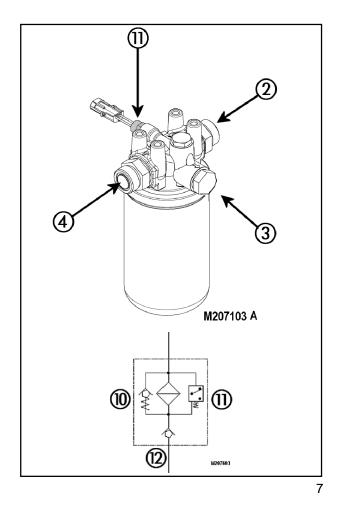
The tank incorporates a discharge port strainer and tank breather. The strainer is rated at 100 micron of protection and supplies the gearpumps.



Filtration

- 2. Discharge Port
- 3. Not used on the hydraulic filter
- 4. Inlet Port
- 10. Filter By-Pass
- 11. Restrictions Indicator
- 12. Back Flow Check Valve

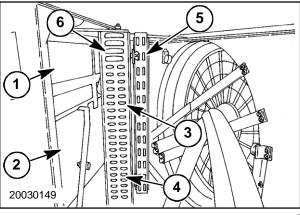
The hydraulic filter is on the return side of the hydraulic system, prevent trash from reaching the reservoir tank. It is imperative that only CLEAN Hy-Tran Ultra is placed in the tank. The filter base incorporates a filter restriction sensor (11) that monitors the condition of the filter element. If the restriction increases above 2.76 bar (40 PSID) differential pressure the sensor will CLOSE to create a signal to the Universal Display Plus monitor for operator warning. The filter base incorporates a filter by-pass valve that will open at 3.45 bar (50 PSID) differential pressure to prevent over pressuring the filter. The sensor is set to activate prior to the by-pass valve opening.



Cooling

- 1. Intercooler
- 2. Radiator
- 3. PTO Gearbox Oil Cooler
- 4. Hydraulic Oil Cooler
- 5. Air Conditioning Condenser
- 6. Fuel Cooler

The hydraulic cooler is mounted behind the rotary air screen and is the Lower third of the center cooler. There is a 7.6 bar (110 PSI) oil cooler by-pass valve mounted in the lower front corner to protect the cooler.



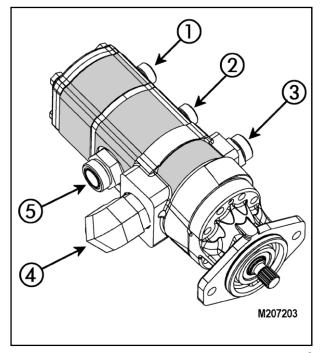
Gear Pumps

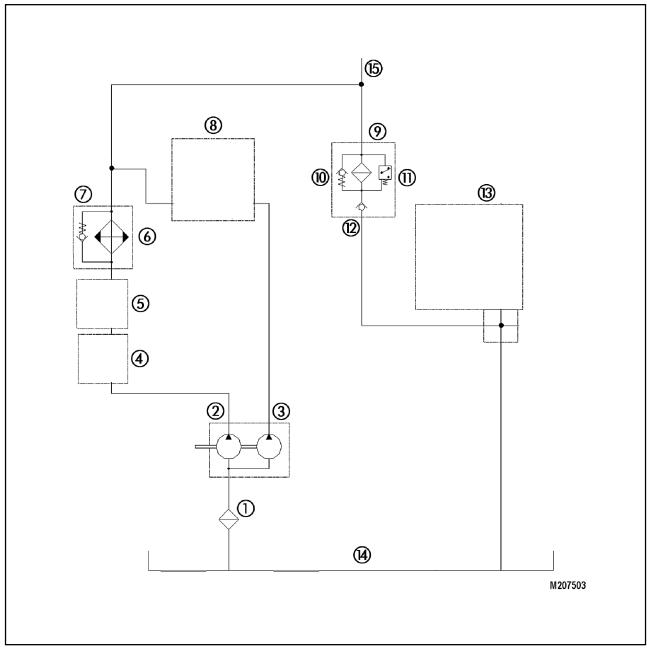
- 1. Fan Drive Output (rear pump)
- Spreader and Rotary Air Screen Output (center pump)
- **3.** Control Pressure Output (front pump)
- **4.** Supply From PTO Gearbox, (for pump 3)
- Supply From Hydraulic Reservoir, (for pumps 1 and 2)

The gear pump assembly is mounted in the PTO gearbox and incorporates three separate gear pumps.

- The Control Pressure pump, (pump 3, nearest to the drive shaft), is supplied oil from the PTO gearbox and all of its flow is returned to the PTO gearbox. See specification page.
- -- The **Spreader/Rotary Air Screen Drive** pump is supplied oil from the **hydraulic reservoir** and returns all of its flow back to the reservoir. See specification page.
- The Fan Drive pump is supplied oil from the hydraulic reservoir and returns all of its flow back to the reservoir. See specification page.

NOTE: If the seal was to leak between the front and center pumps oil could transfer between reservoirs.





- 1. Reservoir Strainer
- 2. Spreader/Rotary Air Screen Drive Pump
- 3. Fan Drive Pump
- 4. Spreader Drive Valve
- 5. Rotary Air Screen Valve
- 6. Oil Cooler
- 7. Oil Cooler By-Pass Valve
- 8. Fan Drive Valve

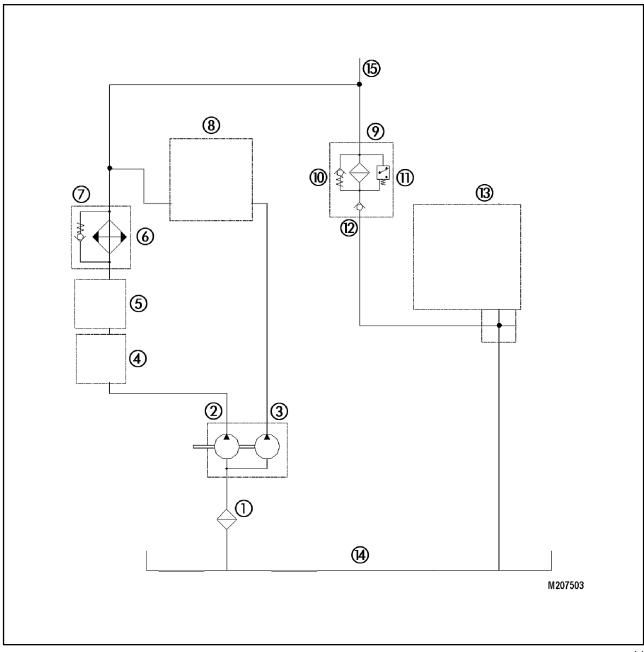
- 9. Return Filter Base
- 10. Filter By-Pass Valve
- 11. Filter Restriction Indicator Switch
- 12. Back Flow Check Valve
- 13. PFC Piston Pump
- 14. Reservoir Tank
- 15. Return From All Hydraulic Functions

Spreader Pump

The spreader pump (2) will pull oil from the hydraulic reservoir (14) and direct it to the spreader valve (4). The spreader valve will direct the full flow of pump on to the rotary air screen valve (5) once the spreader operation is completed. The rotary air screen valve will direct the full flow of pump on to the oil cooler (6) once the air screen operation is completed. In cold whether the cooler may cause excessive restriction

so the by-pass valve (7) can direct the oil flow around the cooler the filter housing (9). The filter restriction is monitored by the filter sensor (11) and is protected by the by-pass valve (10). The filter directs the flow to the PFC pump inlet and the reservoir tank.

IMPORTANT: The spreader pump being a gear pump is associated with an open center system. In an open center system the pump flow is constant and MUST be routed back to the reservoir at all times. It can not be deadheaded or serious failures can occur.



- 1. Reservoir Strainer
- 2. Spreader/Rotary Air Screen Drive Pump
- 3. Fan Drive Pump
- 4. Spreader Drive Valve
- 5. Rotary Air Screen Drive Valve
- 6. Oil Cooler
- 7. Oil Cooler By-Pass Valve
- 8. Fan Drive Valve

- 9. Return Filter Base
- 10. Filter By-Pass Valve
- 11. Filter Restriction Indicator Switch
- 12. Back Flow Check Valve
- 13. PFC Piston Pump
- 14. Reservoir Tank
- 15. Return From All Hydraulic Functions

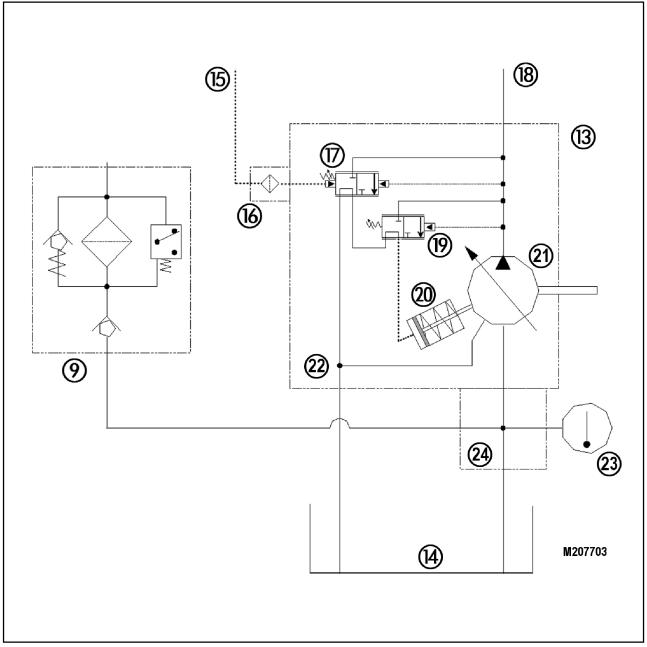
Fan Pump

The fan pump (3) will pull oil from the hydraulic reservoir (14) and direct it to the fan valve (8). The fan valve will direct the full flow of pump into the flow from the spreader pump headed to the filter base (9). The filter restriction is monitored by the filter sensor (11) and is protected by the by-pass valve (10). The filter directs the flow to the PFC pump inlet and the reservoir tank.

IMPORTANT: The fan pump being a gear pump is associated with an open center system. In an open center system the pump flow is constant and MUST be routed back to the reservoir at all times. It can not be deadheaded or serious failures can occur.

Pressure Flow Compensating (PFC) Pump Hydraulic System

PFC Pump Schematic



- 9. Return Filter Base
- 13. PFC Pump Assembly
- 14. Hydraulic Reservoir
- 15. Signal Line to Compensator
- 16. Signal Line Screen
- 17. Flow Control Spool
- 18. Pump Discharge Port

- 19. High Pressure Spool
- 20. Servo Piston (swashplate)
- 21. Rotating Assembly
- 22. Case Drain
- 23. Temperature Sensor
- 24. Supply Manifold

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